

ENGINEERING PHYSICS
(Common to CE,ME,IT,CSE-AIML,CSE-DS)

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|--|---------------|---------------------------------|---------|----------------------|--------|
| Course Code | 23BS1103 | Year | I | Semester | I |
| Course Category | Basic Science | Branch | CSE(DS) | Course Type | Theory |
| Credits | 3 | L-T-P | 3-0-0 | Prerequisites | ---- |
| Continuous Internal Evaluation: | 30 | Semester End Evaluation: | 70 | Total Marks: | 100 |

| Course Outcomes | |
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| Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to | |
| CO1 | Interpret the fundamental concepts of optical sources, structure and properties of various solid materials.(L2) |
| CO2 | Apply the principles of lasers, optical fibers and semiconductors in engineering aspects. (L3) |
| CO3 | Apply the concepts of quantum mechanics, Dielectrics, Magnetic materials and crystal physics for engineering applications. (L3) |
| CO4 | Examine the nature of communication system, and semiconducting materials. (L4) |
| CO5 | Analyze the theory of solids deduce various analytical parameters. (L4) |

| Contribution of Course Outcomes towards achievement of Program Outcomes & Strength of correlations (3:High, 2: Medium, 1:Low) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 |
| CO1 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO4 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO5 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

SYLLABUS

| Unit No. | Contents | Mapped CO |
|----------|---|---|
| I | <p>LASERS: Characteristics of lasers –Absorption, spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation – population inversion – pumping mechanisms – Ruby, Helium-Neon & Semiconductor lasers -Applications of lasers.</p> <p>Fiber optics: Principle of optical fiber –structure of optical fiber Acceptance angle and numerical aperture – Types of optical fibers Attenuation in optical fibers – optical fiber in communication system-applications of optical fiber.</p> | <p>CO1, CO2, CO4</p> |
| II | <p>Crystallography: Space lattice, Basis, Unit Cell and lattice parameters – Bravais Lattices – crystal systems (3D) – coordination number - packing fraction of SC, BCC & FCC - Miller indices – separation between successive (hkl) planes.</p> <p>X-ray Diffraction: Bragg’s law- X-ray Diffract meter–crystal structure determination by Laue’s and powder methods.</p> | <p>CO1, CO3, CO5</p> |
| III | <p>Dielectric Materials: Introduction - Dielectric polarization - Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility, Dielectric constant and Displacement Vector – Relation between the electric vectors-Types of polarizations- Electronic (Quantitative), Ionic (Quantitative) and Orientation polarizations (Qualitative) - Lorentz internal field - Clausius- Mossotti equation - complex dielectric constant – Frequency dependence of polarization – dielectric loss</p> <p>Magnetic Materials: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability – Atomic origin of magnetism - Classification of magnetic materials: Dia, para, Ferro, anti-ferro & Ferri magnetic materials - Domain concept for Ferro magnetism & Domain walls (Qualitative)- Hysteresis-soft and hard magnetic materials.</p> | <p>CO1, CO3, CO5</p> |
| IV | <p>Quantum Mechanics: Dual nature of matter – Heisenberg’s Uncertainty Principle – Significance and properties of wave function–Schrodinger’s time independent and dependent wave equations– Particle in a one- dimensional infinite potential well.</p> <p>Free Electron Theory: Classical free electron theory (Qualitative with discussion of merits and demerits) – Quantum free electron theory – electrical conductivity based on quantum free electron theory - Fermi-Dirac distribution - Density of states - Fermi energy</p> | <p>CO1, CO3, CO5</p> |
| V | <p>Semiconductors: Formation of energy bands – classification of crystalline solids - Intrinsic semiconductors: Density of charge carriers – Electrical conductivity – Fermi level – Extrinsic semiconductors: density of charge carriers – dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature- Drift and diffusion currents–Einstein’s equation–Hall effect and its applications.</p> | <p>CO1, CO2, CO4</p> |

| Learning Resources |
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| Text Books: |
| 1. A Textbook of Engineering Physics, M. N. Avadhanulu, P. G. Kshirsagar & T V S Arun Murthy, S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019. |
| 2. Engineering Physics - D.K.Bhattacharya and PoonamTandon, Oxford press (2015) |
| Reference Books: |
| 1. Engineering Physics- B.K.Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Cengage Learning 2021. |
| 2. Engineering Physics –Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Education,2018. |
| 3. Engineering Physics” - Sanjay D. Jain, D. Sahasrabudhe and Girish, University Press. 2010 |
| 4. Engineering Physics-M.R.Srinivasan, New Age international publishers(2009). |
| E-Resources: https://www.loc.gov/rr/scitech/selected-internet/physics.html |