

## BIG DATA ANAYTICS

### (Professional Elective –IV)

<b>Course Code</b>	20IT4702E	<b>Year</b>	IV	<b>Semester</b>	I
<b>Course Category</b>	PE -IV	<b>Branch</b>	IT	<b>Course Type</b>	Theory
<b>Credits</b>	3	<b>L-T-P</b>	3-0-0	<b>Prerequisites</b>	DBMS, Data Mining
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation :</b>	30	<b>Semester End Evaluation:</b>	70	<b>Total Marks:</b>	100

Course Outcomes		Blooms Taxonomy Level
<b>Upon Successful completion of course, the student will be able to</b>		
<b>CO1</b>	Understand the concepts of Hadoop, Cassandra, Pig and Hive.	L2
<b>CO2</b>	Apply the knowledge of Hadoop and Cassandra for solving real time problems	L3
<b>CO3</b>	Use the concepts Pig and Hive for big data analysis	L3
<b>CO4</b>	Analyze the appropriate concepts of bigdata to solve a given application.	L4

Contribution of Course Outcomes towards achievement of Program Outcomes & Strength of Correlations (H:High,M:Medium,L:Low)														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3												3	
CO2	3	3	3										3	
CO3	3		3										3	
CO4	3	3											3	

Syllabus		
Unit No	Contents	Mapped CO
<b>I</b>	<b>Types of Digital Data:</b> Classification of Digital Data. Introduction to BigData: Characteristic of Data, Evolution of BigData, Definition of Big Data, Challenges with Big Data, What is BigData?. Big Data Analytics: Where dowe Begin? What is BigData Analytics?, What Big Data Analytics isn't?, Classification of Analytics, Terminologies Used in Big Data Environments. The BigData Technology Landscape: NoSQL	<b>CO1</b>
<b>II</b>	<b>Introduction to Cassandra:</b> Apache Cassandra – An Introduction Features of Cassandra, CQL Data Types, CQLSH, Key spaces, CRUD ,Collections, Using a Counter, Time to Live, Alter Commands, Import and Export.	<b>CO1 CO2 CO4</b>

<b>III</b>	<b>Hadoop Overview:</b> HDFS(Hadoop Distributed File System), Processing Data with Hadoop, Managing Resources and Applications with Hadoop YARN(Yet another Resource Negotiator). Introduction to MAPREDUCE Programming: Introduction, Mapper, Reducer, Combiner, Partitioner, Searching, Sorting, Compression.	<b>CO1</b> <b>CO2</b> <b>CO4</b>
<b>IV</b>	<b>Introduction to Hive:</b> Introduction – Architecture - Data Types - File Formats - Hive Query Language Statements – Partitions – Bucketing – Views - Sub-Query – Joins – Aggregations - Group by and Having - RCFile Implementation - Hive User Defined Function - Serialization and Deserialization.	<b>CO1</b> <b>CO3</b> <b>CO4</b>
<b>V</b>	<b>Pig:</b> Introduction - Anatomy – Features – Philosophy - Use Case for Pig - Pig Latin Overview - Pig Primitive Data Types - Running Pig - Execution Modes of Pig - HDFS Commands - Relational Operators - Eval Function - Complex Data Types - Piggy Bank - User-Defined Functions - Word Count Example using Pig.	<b>CO1</b> <b>CO3</b> <b>CO4</b>

### Learning Resources

#### Text Books

1. Big Data and Analytics, Seema Acharya, Subhashini Chellappan ,First Edition,Wiley,2015

#### References

1. Tom White, Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, FourthEdition,O'Reilly,2015
2. Hrushiksha Mohanty, Prachet Bhuyan, Deepak Chenthati Editors Big Data A PremierSpringer Volume 11
3. Learning Spark Lightning-Fast Big Data Analysis, Andy Konwinski, Holden Karau, MateiZaharia, Patrick Wendell , First Edition, O'Reilly, 2015
4. Big Data Analytics, Radha Shankarmani, M VijayaLakshmi, Second Edition, Wiley, 2017

#### E- Resources and other Digital Material

1. <https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=introduction%20to%20big%20data%20analytics>
2. <https://www.edx.org/learn/big-data>
3. [https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\\_noc20\\_cs46/](https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc20_cs46/)